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Centre number	Candidate number	
Surname		_
Forename(s)		-
Candidate signature		-

A-level BIOLOGY

Paper 1

Monday 12 June 2017

Afternoon

Time allowed: 2 hours

For this paper you must have:

- a ruler with millimetre measurements
- a calculator.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- All work must be shown.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for the questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 91.

For Examiner's Use						
Question	Mark					
1						
2						
3						
4						
5						
6						
7						
8						
9						
10						
TOTAL						





	2	Do not write outside the box
	Answer all questions in the spaces provided.	
01.1	Give the two types of molecule from which a ribosome is made. [1 mark]	-
01.2	Describe the role of a ribosome in the production of a polypeptide. Do not include transcription in your answer. [3 marks]	-
		-
		-
		-
		-
		-
		-



					3										Do not write outside the box
01.3	Table 1 shows the base sequence of part of a pre-mRNA molecule from a eukaryotic cell.														
	Complete the table with the base sequence of the DNA strand from which this pre-mRNA was transcribed.														
	[1 mark] Table 1														
							able	1			DNA				
												_			
		A	С	G	С	A	U	U	A	U	pre- mRN/	Ą			
01.4	In a eukaryotic ce sequence of the p	ll, th re-m	e ba ìRN/	se s A.	equ	ence	e of t	he m	۱RN	IA m	ight be	differ	ent fro	om the	
	Explain why.													[2 marks]	
															7
	т	urn	ove	r for	the	nex	t qu	esti	on						



Turn over ►

02	In mammals, in the early stages of pregnancy, a developing embryo exchanges substances with its mother via cells in the lining of the uterus. At this stage, there is a high concentration of glycogen in cells lining the uterus.
02.1	Describe the structure of glycogen. [2 marks]
02.2	During early pregnancy, the glycogen in the cells lining the uterus is an important energy source for the embryo.
	Suggest how glycogen acts as a source of energy.
	Do not include transport across membranes in your answer. [2 marks]



02.3	Suggest and explain two ways the cell-surface membranes of the cells lini uterus may be adapted to allow rapid transport of nutrients.	-
	1	[2 marks]
	2	
02.4	In humans, after the gametes join at fertilisation, every cell of the developing	
	 embryo undergoes mitotic divisions before the embryo attaches to the uter The first cell division takes 24 hours. The subsequent divisions each take 8 hours. 	us lining.
	After 3 days, the embryo has a total volume of 4.2×10^{-3} mm ³ . What is the mean volume of each cell after 3 days? Express your answer standard form.	in
	Show your working.	[2 marks]
	Answer =	mm ³



8

outside the box

03.1

Sodium ions from salt (sodium chloride) are absorbed by cells lining the gut. Some of these cells have membranes with a carrier protein called NHE3.

NHE3 actively transports one sodium ion into the cell in exchange for one proton (hydrogen ion) out of the cell.

Use your knowledge of transport across cell membranes to suggest how NHE3 does this.

[3 marks]



outside the box

03.2

Scientists investigated the use of a drug called Tenapanor to reduce salt absorption in the gut. Tenapanor inhibits the carrier protein, NHE3.

The scientists fed a diet containing a high concentration of salt to two groups of rats, **A** and **B**.

- The rats in Group **A** were **not** given Tenapanor (0 mg kg⁻¹). The rats in Group **B** were given 3 mg kg⁻¹ Tenapanor.
- •

One hour after treatment, the scientists removed the gut contents of the rats and immediately weighed them.

Their results are shown in Table 2.

Table 2

Concentration of Tenapanor / mg kg ⁻¹	Mean mass of contents of the gut / g
0	2.0
3	4.1

The scientists carried out a statistical test to see whether the difference in the means was significant. They calculated a P value of less than 0.05.

They concluded that Tenapanor did reduce salt absorption in the gut.

Use all the information provided and your knowledge of water potential to explain how they reached this conclusion.

[4 marks]



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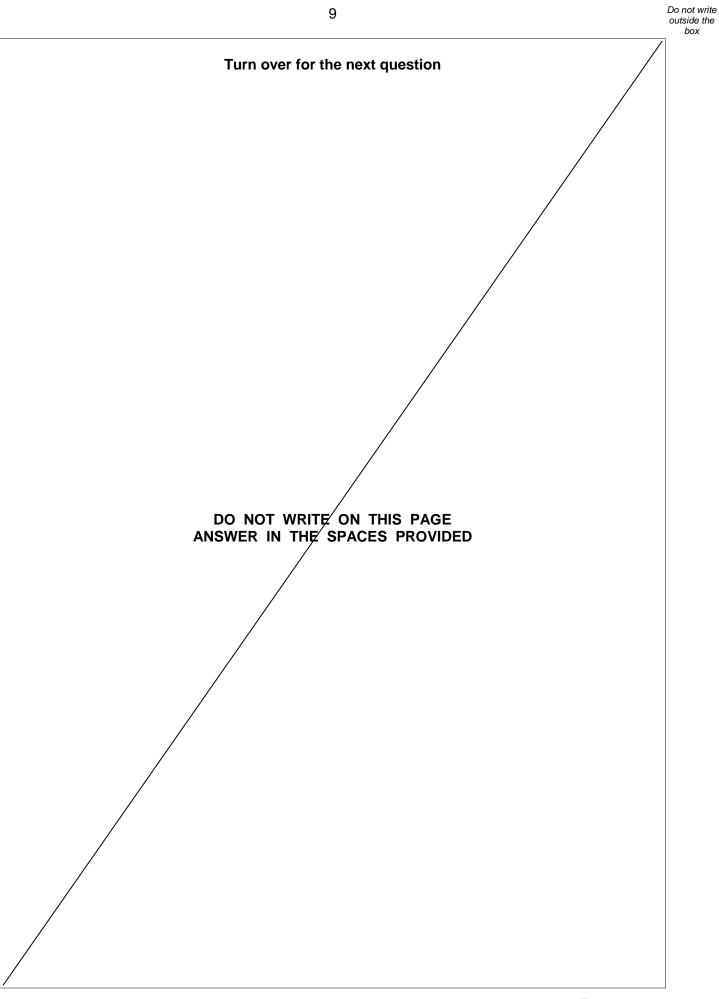
03.3

High absorption of salt from the diet can result in a higher than normal concentration of salt in the blood plasma entering capillaries. This can lead to a build-up of tissue fluid. Explain how.

[2 marks]









	Describe how	bacteria divid	e.				[0 m
							[2 marks]
4.2	Washing power					enzyme	s include
	Figure 1 show		f temperatu	ire on a prot	ease that co	uld be us	sed in
	51 5 1 5		F	igure 1			
	100						
							30°C
	80						
	ntage ximum						
protea	ase coll		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
			· · · ·	****			
	40						50°C
	20						
	20	\ \C €0°C					
	0	30	60	90	120	150	180



	11	Do not write outside the box
	Explain the shape of the curves at 50 °C and 60 °C. [4 marks]	
04.3	Some proteases are secreted as extracellular enzymes by bacteria. Suggest one advantage to a bacterium of secreting an extracellular protease in its natural environment.	
	Explain your answer. [2 marks]	
		-
		-
		-
		-



outside the box

04.4

Mammals have some cells that produce extracellular proteases. They also have cells with membrane-bound dipeptidases.

Describe the action of these membrane-bound dipeptidases and explain their importance.

[2 marks]

10



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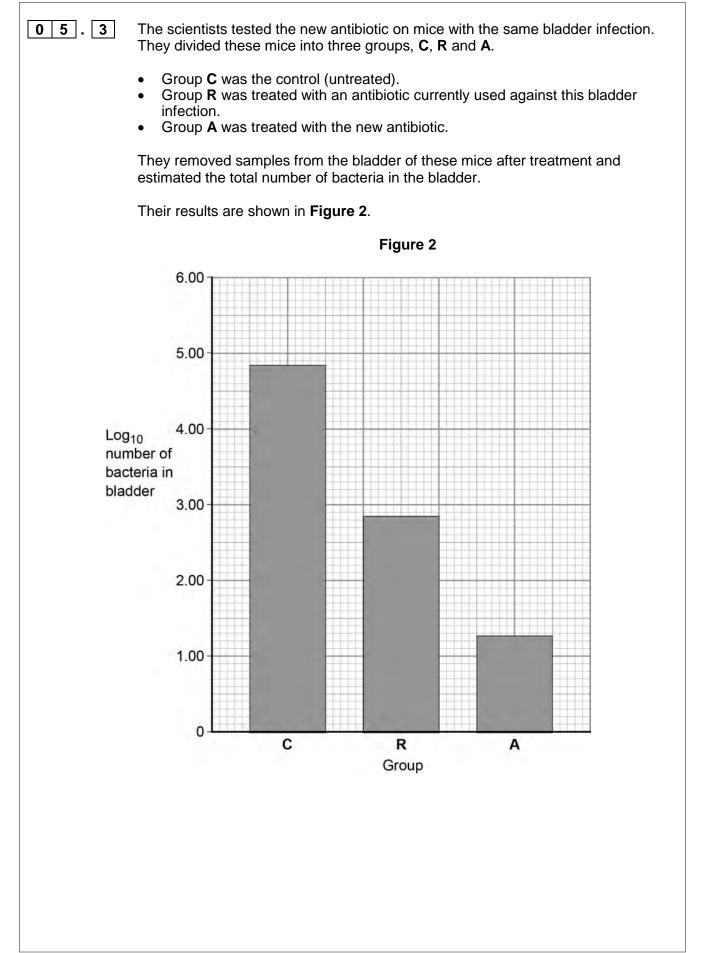
Scientists investigated treatment of a human bladder infection caused by a species of bacterium. This species of bacterium is often resistant to the antibiotics currently

	used for treatment.	
	They investigated the use of a new antibiotic to treat the bladder infection. antibiotic inhibits the bacterial ATP synthase enzyme.	The new
0 5 . 1	Place a tick (\checkmark) in the appropriate box next to the equation which represer reaction catalysed by ATP synthase.	nts the [1 mark]
	$ATP \longrightarrow ADP + P_i + H_2O$	
	$ATP + H_2O \longrightarrow ADP + P_i$	
	$ADP + P_i \longrightarrow ATP + H_2O$	
	$ADP + P_i + H_2O \longrightarrow ATP$	
0 5 . 2	The new antibiotic is safe to use in humans because it does not inhibit the synthase found in human cells. Suggest why human ATP synthase is not inhibited and bacterial synthase	
	inhibited.	[1 mark]
	Question 5 continues on the next page	



0 5







	15	Do not write outside the box
	The antibiotics were given to the mice at a dose of 25 mg kg ^{-1} per day.	
	Calculate how much antibiotic would be given to a 30 g mouse each day.	
	Show your working.	
	[2 mark	(s]
	Answer = mg	
0 5 . 4	Calculate the percentage difference in actual numbers of bacteria in group A compared with group R . The actual number of bacteria can be calculated from th \log_{10} value by using the 10 [×] function on a calculator.	ne
	Show your working. [2 mar	ke]
		K3]
	Answer = %	
	Question 5 continues on the next page	



outside the box

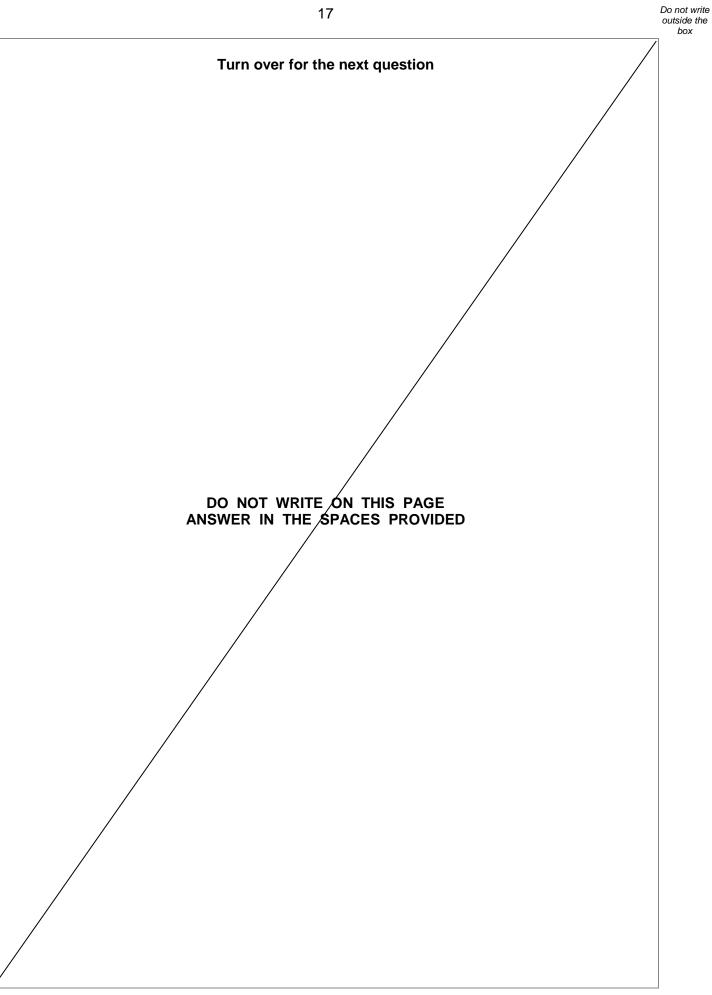
05. **5** The scientists suggested that people newly diagnosed with this bladder infection should be treated with both the current antibiotic and the new antibiotic.

Explain why the scientists made this suggestion.

Use information from **Figure 2** and your knowledge of evolution of antibiotic resistance in bacteria in your answer.

[3 marks]







	2,4-D is a selective herbicide that kills some species of plants but not others. 2,4-D disrupts cell-surface membranes but the extent of disruption differs in different species.					
	Scientists investigated the effect of 2,4-D on wheat plants (a crop) and on wild oat plants (a weed).					
		They grew plants of both species in glasshouses. They put plants of each species into one of two groups, ${f W}$ and ${f H}$, which were treated as follows:				
	-	 Group W – leaves sprayed with water Group H – leaves sprayed with a solution of 2,4-D. 				
	After spraying, they cut 40 discs from the leaves of plants in each group and placed them in flasks containing 10 cm ³ de-ionised water. After 5 minutes, they calculated the disruption to cell-surface membranes by measuring the concentration of ions released into the water from the leaf discs.					
	Their results are show	n in Table 3 .				
		The lowest significant difference (LSD), is the smallest difference between two means that would be significant at $P \le 0.05$				
		Tat	ble 3			
	Group	Treatment	Mean concentration of ions in wate / arbitrary units			
	· · ·		Wheat	Wild oats		
	W	Water	26	45		
	Н	2,4-D	27	70		
	Lowest significant difference (LSD)		7	10		
0 6 . 1	plants before treatmer	at with the different	sprays.	[2 marks		
06.1	plants before treatmer	nt with the different		[2 marks		
06.1	plants before treatmer	nt with the different	sprays.	[2 marks		
06.1	plants before treatmer	nt with the different	sprays.	[2 marks		



ſ

. 2	Evaluate the use of 2,4-D as a herbicide on a wheat crop that cont a weed. Use all the information provided.	ains wild oats as	
		[4 marks]	
	Question 6 continues on the next page		

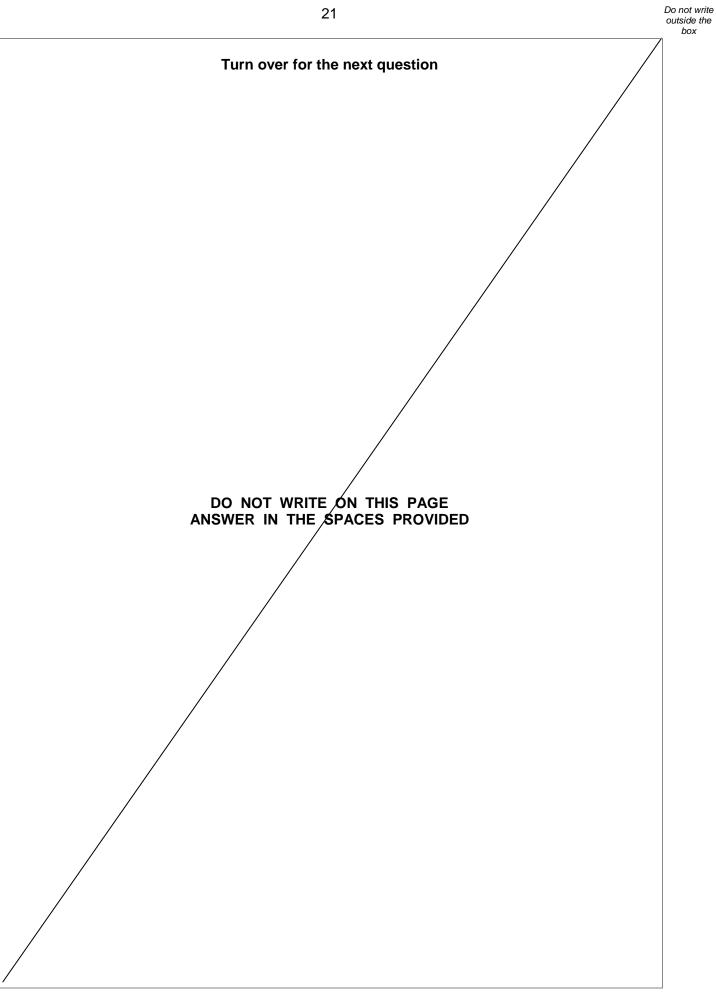


8

0	6	

6 . 3	The scientists incubated the flasks containing the leaf discs at 26 °C and gently shook the flasks.		
	Suggest one reason why the scientists ensured the temperature remained constant and one reason why the leaf discs were shaken. [2 mark]		
	Temperature		
	Shaken		







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07.1	Describe how phagocytosis of a virus leads to presentation of its antigens. [3 marks]
07.2	Describe how presentation of a virus antigen leads to the secretion of an antibody against this virus antigen.
	[3 marks]



outside the box

07. **3** Collagen is a protein produced by cells in joints, such as the knee.

Rheumatoid arthritis (RA) is an auto-immune disease. In an auto-immune disease, a person's immune system attacks their own cells. RA causes pain, swelling and stiffness in the joints.

Scientists have found a virus that produces a protein very similar to human collagen.

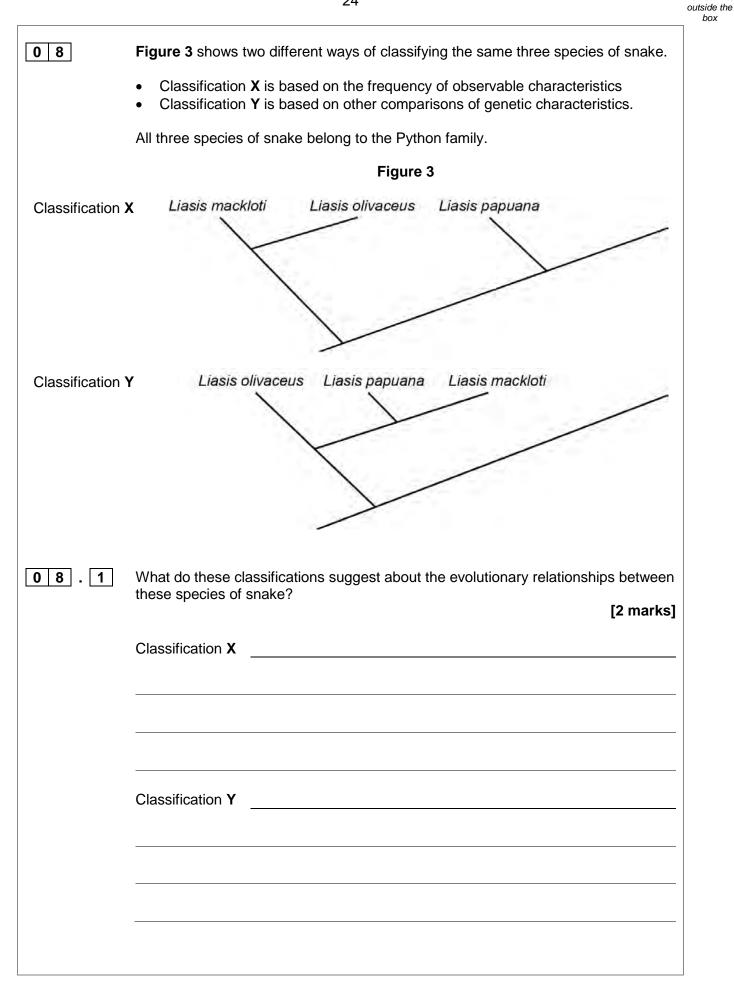
Suggest how the immune response to this viral protein can result in the development of RA.

[2 marks]

8

Turn over for the next question





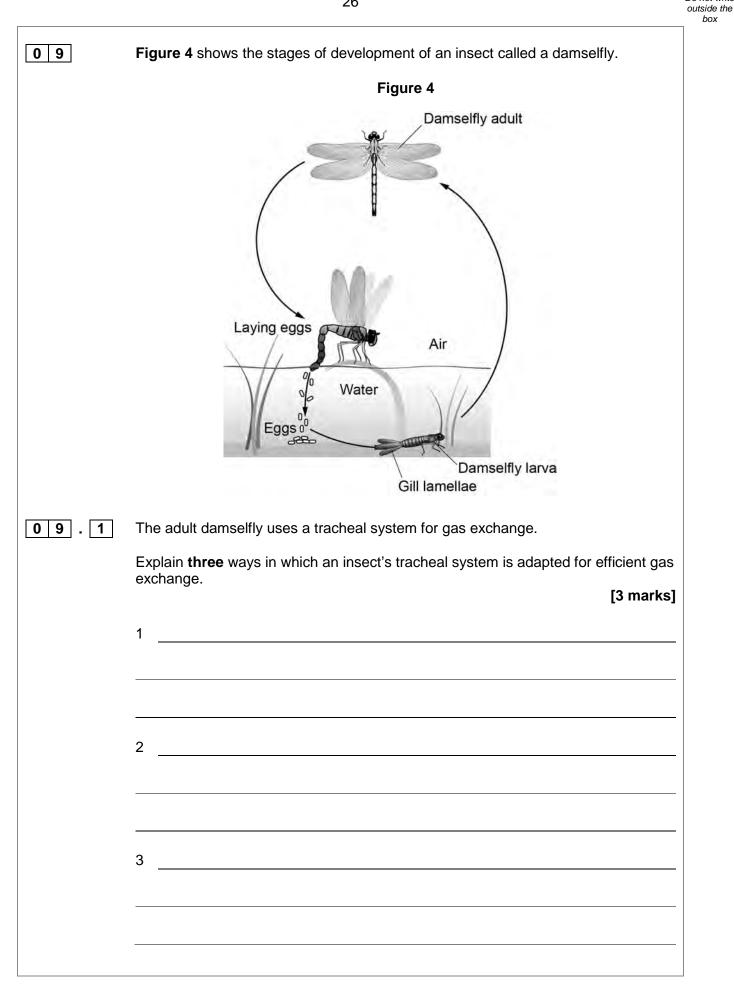


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8 . 2	Complete Table 4 below to show the missing name these snakes.	es of the taxa when classifying	
	Table 4		
	Taxon (hierarchical order)	Name	
		Eukaryote	
		Animal	
		Chordata	
		Reptilia	
		Squamata	
	Family	Python	
8.4	State three comparisons of genetic diversity that the scientists used in order to generate Classification Y .		
	1		
	2		
	3		
	·		



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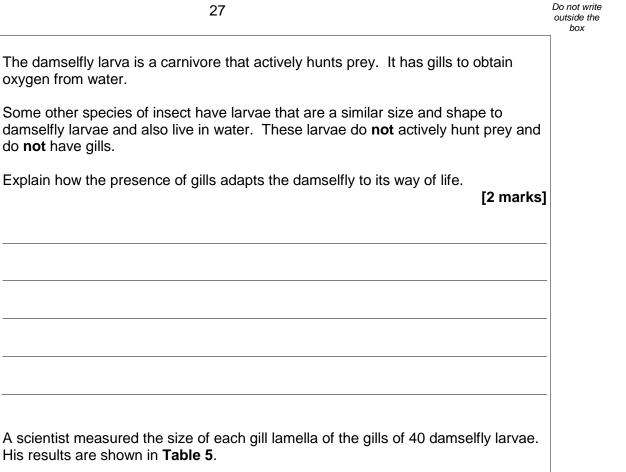


Table 5

Mean width / mm	1.61
(± uncertainty / mm)	(± 0.19)
Mean length / mm	6.12
(± uncertainty / mm)	(± 0.41)

Calculate the mean surface area of one side of one gill lamella. Assume that a gill lamella is rectangular and give your answer to an appropriate number of significant figures.

Include the percentage error (uncertainty) of surface area in your answer. Show your working.

[3 marks]

Mean surface area = _____

Percentage error (uncertainty) of surface area =

Turn over ►



09.2

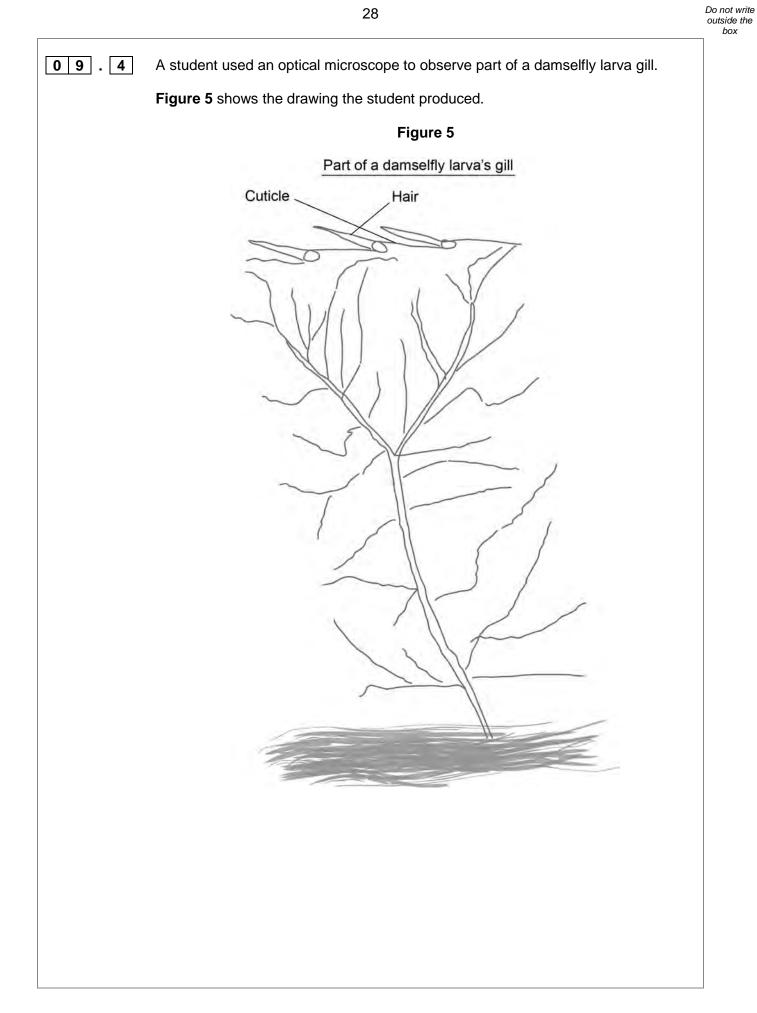
09.3

oxygen from water.

do not have gills.

His results are shown in Table 5.

IB/M/Jun17/E5





2 _____

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10

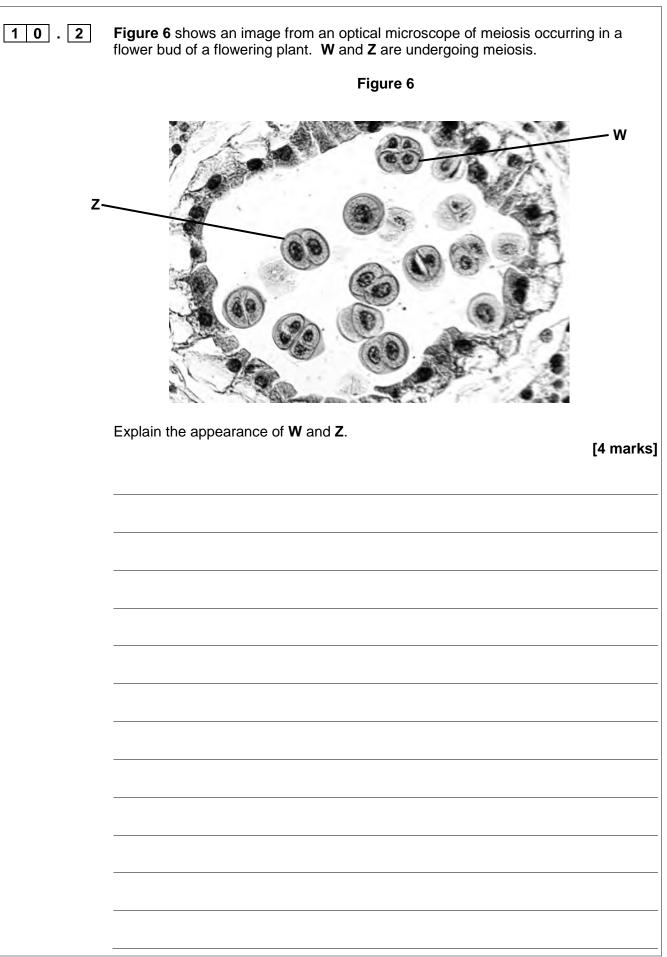
Suggest **two** ways the student could improve the quality of her scientific drawing of this gill. [2 marks]

Turn over for the next question



10.1	Contrast how an optical microscope and a transmission electron microscope work and contrast the limitations of their use when studying cells.		
		[6 marks]	







outside the box

10.3

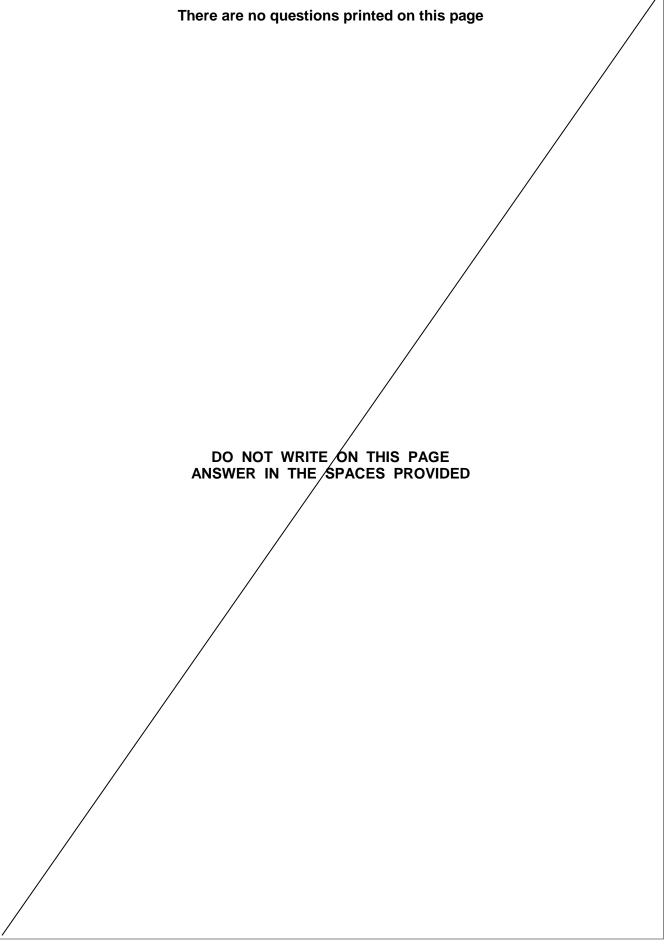
An environmental scientist investigated a possible relationship between air pollution and the size of seeds produced by one species of tree.

He was provided with a very large number of seeds collected from a population of trees in the centre of a city and also a very large number of seeds collected from a population of trees in the countryside.

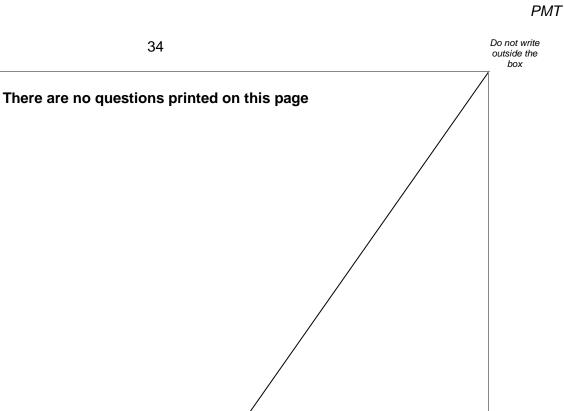
Describe how he should collect and process data from these seeds to investigate whether there is a difference in seed size between these two populations of trees. [5 marks]

END OF QUESTIONS



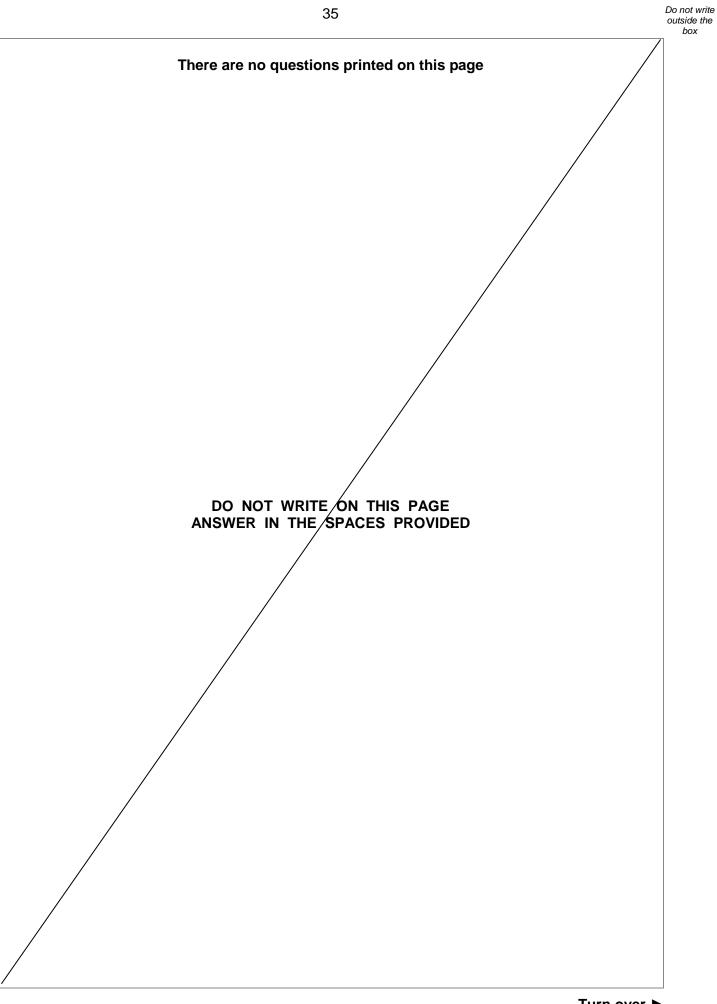






DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE ANSWER IN THE SPACES PROVIDED

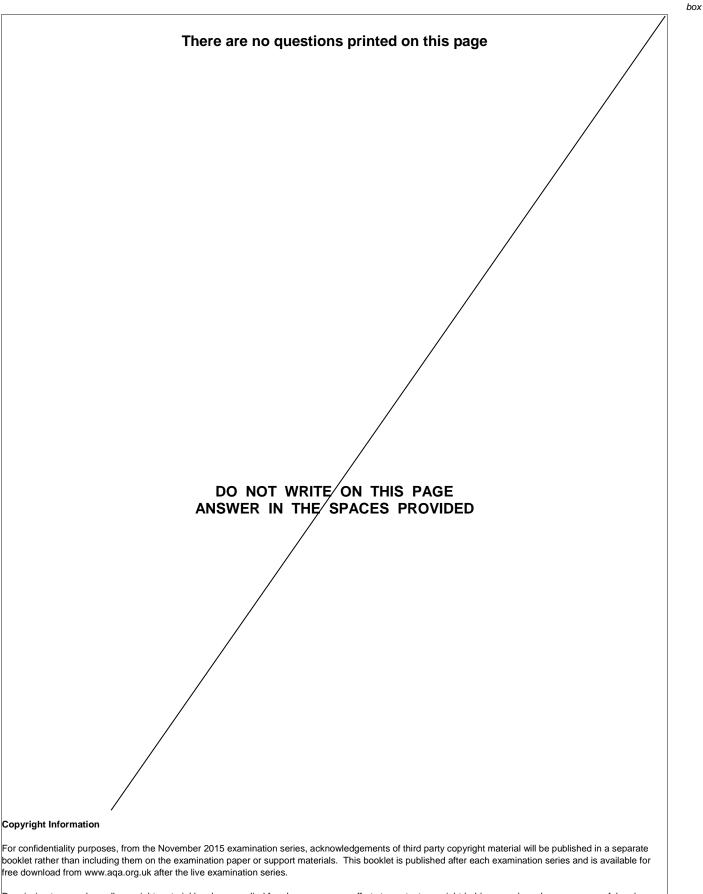






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